

## DEATH OF A GREAT LAWYER.

Governor Thomas Bragg, of North Carolina, whose death was announced in our telegraphic pages, was a native of Warren county of that State—the son of a merchant, John Bragg, and of Alabama, and a General Bragg, of North Carolina. He represented Northampton county in the house of commons in 1842; was the Democratic candidate for governor in 1854, in which contest he was successful, and was re-elected in 1858; was elected United States senator, but resigned in 1861, when North Carolina seceded. Gov. Bragg filed the position of attorney-general to President Davis's cabinet from February, 1862, to September, 1863, when he resigned. He took a prominent part in the impeachment of Holden. His great success as a politician, in favor of convicting that arch-enemy of North Carolina and unparalleled modern tyrant, will stand forever as a masterpiece of logic and eloquence. He was, perhaps, the protuberantest of the great men of the South. He was a man who made illustrious the name and fame of North Carolina. His private character was as spotless as his genius and professional learning were unsurpassed.

The immigration into the United States for the quarter ended September 30, 1871, is given in detail in seven different statements, showing sex, age, nationality, occupation and part of vessel occupied en route. From these tables it appears that the total number of passengers was 125,885; of whom 74,445 were males and 51,440 females; 3,854 were cabin and 92,044 were other than cabin passengers. Of the total number arrived 19,136 were citizens of the United States returning from abroad, and 7894 were foreigners not intending to remain in the United States, leaving the number of actual immigrants 98,980, of whom 56,527 were males and 42,453 females; 22,662 were under fifteen years of age, 68,562 fifteen and under forty, 12,777 forty and upward. The total deaths on the voyages were 28. Of the total number of immigrants granted there arrived at New York, 70,416; at Boston, 7,707; at Baltimore, 2,618; at San Francisco, 2,013. The nationalities of the immigrants were: Great Britain, 24,281; Ireland, 14,631; Germany and Austria, 10,656; Sweden, Norway and Denmark, 9,411; France, 2,061; Switzerland, 2,061; Spain and Portugal, 1,821; Italy, 1,821; Holland, 2,061; Belgium, 2,061; Russia and Poland, 2,061; and Japan, 1,821. The total number of immigrants from all countries of Europe, 14,631; from Asia, 1,821; from Africa, 2,061; from North America, 2,061; from South America, 2,061; from the West Indies, 2,061; from all other countries, 1,821. The occupations were as follows: Artists, 15; bankers, 25; carpenters and joiners, 118; clerks, 217; farmers, 1,821; lawyers, 20; mechanics, 2,061; musicians, 2,061; merchants, 2,061; miners, 1,821; painters, 1,821; physicians, 1,821; sailors, 1,821; servants, 2,061; shoemakers, 2,061; tailors, 2,061; teachers, 2,061; waiters, 2,061; all other occupations, 2,061; occupations not specified (chiefly women and children), 3,061, without occupation (chiefly women and children), 1,821. It is thus seen that the immigration into the United States is increasing, and it is hoped that the center of a great manufacturing industry.

## THE SNAILPOX IN ENGLAND.

The London Lancet says: "We are about to make a statement, if it were not based upon stubborn undeniable facts, we should certainly believe our selves, or ask evidence for our pages, so lamentable is it and so discreditable to the intelligence and the rulers of the country. In the year 1870 there were registered in the seventeen principal cities of England 1259 deaths from snailpox; in the year just closed there have fallen victims to the disease, in the same towns, no less than 13,174 persons. The details for the several towns have been derived from the returns of the weekly returns for 1871, and are as follows: London, 7876 fatal cases; Portsmouth, 38; Norwich, 245; Bristol, 45; Wolverhampton, 254; Birmingham, 14; Leicester, 11; Nottingham, 144; Liverpool, 1919; Manchester, 207; Belfast, 227; Bradford, 45; Leeds, 45; Hull, 40; York, 40; Sunderland, 40; Newcastle-on-Tyne, 40. The proportion of fatal cases to the population of the seventeen towns taken together is 1 in 1259; in London the ratio is 1 in 245; in Portsmouth, 1 in 145; in Liverpool, 1 in 215; in Manchester, 1 in 145; in Birmingham, 1 in 145; in Leicester, 1 in 145; in Nottingham, 1 in 145; in Wolverhampton, 1 in 145; in Bradford, 1 in 145; in Leeds, 1 in 145; in Hull, 1 in 145; in York, 1 in 145; in Sunderland, 1 in 145; in Newcastle-on-Tyne, 1 in 145. This epidemic began in the latter part of 1870, and continued through the first quarter of 1871, and its maximum intensity was reached in the week ending May 5, after which it gradually declined, at first steadily, but afterwards with considerable rapidity, to less than one hundred deaths weekly in August, and the minimum of fifty one deaths was reached in the last week of September. The epidemic was especially violent in the last month, there have been indications of recrudescence which demand the serious consideration of all who are interested with the care of the public health."

## THE TRANSCONTINENTAL FRAUD.

OMAHA, January 28.—The snow blockade on the Union Pacific seems to be increasing. The weather on the west line has been fairly cold, with strong winds and snow. The train due at Cheyenne from the east at noon has not arrived there, and is reported snow-bound at Antelope station. The train that has been lying at Cheyenne for the week just passed are there still. The reports from Laramie are to the effect that the train which arrived there a week ago to-day, bound east, and which left there yesterday for the west, is behind the schedule, and is colder than any day before. It is reported that the snow is drifting badly.

## UTAH.

Governor Woods on the Attempt to Make Utah a State.

SALT LAKE, January 28.—Governor Woods returned to the legislative assembly to-day to prepare a constitution for the admission of Utah without his approval. He suggests that the organic act of Utah contemplate only such matters as relate to the domestic concerns of the territory, and no power is therein given to abolish any form of government and adopt another. The power that created alone can destroy without special authority from congress and the territorial legislature has no right to act upon the subject of admission. Further, Utah having less than the required population under the apportionment to one representative in congress, he thinks it would be wise to wait the pleasure of the general government.

The governor in conclusion, says: "To become a State is not a right, but a privilege; good judgment would, therefore, require that before any convention should be called Utah should place herself in harmonious relations with the general government. The first and highest duty of the citizen is to obey the law; all violations of the law of congress should cease, polygamy should be abandoned, and laws should be enacted by you in accord with the laws of Congress upon that subject. Until it is shown that the people of Utah expect, nor should they ask, admission as a State. Religious toleration in the commonwealth is a sacred right, and the government cannot tolerate church dogmas which are in violation of the law. It is regretted that a difference of opinion should arise in matters of legislation between the legislature and the executive departments, but it is my duty to interpret the law as I understand it, and such shall be my course of action."

The governor's veto message to the house created much excitement, and the members expressed themselves with bitter invective.

Taylor, one of the apostles, exclaimed: "Are we not to have a constitution? Have we rendered ourselves criminal by putting the power into the hands of the people to be for admission into the Union? This message," said he, "is a clear and open insult to us. It is a work of shame, and a stain on the honor of the people. What laws have we violated, and how have we violated them? Why are we not punished for it? Even murderers are brought to justice, and every man is held to prove his guilt of polygamy. It is contrary to the constitution or laws of the United States, why don't the Federal judges prosecute us under the United States laws. Is this house to be limited by a veto message contained in the document from the governor. I say no. I throw it back in his face and tell him it is a farce. [Cries of heart heart.] We are American citizens and demand the rights of such."

James W. Young did not care a snap for the veto and asked no odds of the governor or any other man. He said that he had been abused long enough, and he would gladly die a martyr in the Mormon cause. There is a very angry feeling in the house, and it is expected that some of the members will be expelled.

On motion of J. W. Young, a committee of three to confer with a similar committee from the council was appointed to draft a joint resolution for the purpose of annulling the veto. The committee were instructed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the house in regard to the veto message.

## TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

The Last One Dead.—BOSTON, January 27.—Edward Hammond, the last of the Dartmouth prisoners, died in Lynn, Thursday, aged seventy-six.

Unfortunate, Just Now.—BALTIMORE, January 28.—The new steamer, Maryland, recently built at a cost of one hundred thousand dollars, was destroyed by fire to-night.

Random Deaths.—INDIANAPOLIS, January 28.—Hon. Norman S. Eddy, secretary of state of Indiana, died suddenly this morning at his residence in this city, of heart disease.

Effects of Whisky.—PITTSBURGH, January 28.—Michael Madigan, a prominent railroad contractor of this city, while going home intoxicated fell from the steps leading to the Port Wayne railroad and receiving injuries from which he died to-day.

Recommended to Mercy.—SAN FRANCISCO, January 28.—Like Boston, San Francisco is suffering in the second degree for the killing of Robert Evans, who was killed in the city of San Francisco, in the year just closed there have fallen victims to the disease, in the same towns, no less than 13,174 persons.

The details for the several towns have been derived from the returns of the weekly returns for 1871, and are as follows: London, 7876 fatal cases; Portsmouth, 38; Norwich, 245; Bristol, 45; Wolverhampton, 254; Birmingham, 14; Leicester, 11; Nottingham, 144; Liverpool, 1919; Manchester, 207; Belfast, 227; Bradford, 45; Leeds, 45; Hull, 40; York, 40; Sunderland, 40; Newcastle-on-Tyne, 40.

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The epidemic was especially violent in the last month, there have been indications of recrudescence which demand the serious consideration of all who are interested with the care of the public health."

Bad for the Boarders.—MILWAUKEE, January 28.—At one o'clock this afternoon a fire broke out at John A. Smith's restaurant, Pareo street, between Third and Fourth streets, and the fire spread rapidly, and the building was consumed. The loss is estimated at \$10,000.

The Grand Duke Alexis and Countess Machin visited Benton today, and the Grand Duke Alexis and Countess Machin visited Benton today, and the Grand Duke Alexis and Countess Machin visited Benton today.

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## BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Cespedes has eyes. Tom Scott is in New Orleans. Pittsburgh has a haunted house. The people of Cincinnati are engaged in a strike.

The investigating committee has reached New Orleans. Cerebro-spinal meningitis is killing boys in New York.

St. Louis is to issue water-works bonds to the amount of \$1,350,000. The Boys' House of Refuge was burned in New Orleans yesterday.

Minister Washburn gave a banquet to General Sherman at Nice, Italy. War against J. Z. Fredericks is now the cue with the European powers.

The Southern railroad bill passed the Kentucky legislature by one vote. All on hand in the market for Louisville to kidnap the Grand Duke.

McDonald Cheek has been convicted of murder and sentenced to be hanged. The Beaulieu lunatic asylum, near Quebec, was burned last night.

New York chronicles twenty-six deaths from small-pox for the past week. A New York paper denies that Miss Mansfield was run over at Boston on Friday.

New York inside that Vanderbilt shall put his fourth avenue railroad underground. France is said to be on the eve of an armistice with Bismarck.

North Carolina offers a reward of \$300,000 for the capture of the outlaw Lowrey and his gang. A committee of the Italian chamber of deputies have agreed to report in favor of a loan \$50,000,000 lire.

Refusing to accept the contract for the subject of a memorial from the Galveston chamber of commerce to congress. On the 25th instant two men were detected in the act of robbing the steamer William Tell.

Caleb Cushing speaks hopefully of a satisfactory solution of the Alabama question by the Geneva arbiters. Her Majesty Queen Victoria will not, as has been stated, open the approaching session of parliament in person.

Stays have been taken for the establishment of a new bank at New York. The paid-up capital is \$500,000. A committee of the Italian chamber of deputies have agreed to report in favor of a loan \$50,000,000 lire.

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## "AUX ARMES!"

France Again Threatened with a Reign of Terror.

Outline of the Plan of the Malcontents. PARIS, January 27.—The plan of the republican revolutionaries uprising has been organized over the whole territory of South France. The movement is held ready for immediate commencement, in case that M. Thiers's resignation of the presidency results in the appointment of the Duke d'Audoubert or Marshal McMahon to the chief magistracy of the executive.

The republicans keep the peace only subject to the Bismarck arrangement for the establishment and maintenance of a democratic form of government in France. Any authorized attempt which may be made for the restoration of monarchy involves them from obligation, and they will proceed to take up arms.

Granville's recent voyage to Bordeaux induced an understanding with the Bismarckian leaders on the subject of supplies of money, arms, ammunition and provisions, and all the other necessary requisites of war, which are all on hand in the market.

A party of republicans is now pledged to the effect that if civil war should be determined on the fight would be continued, and that Republicans will in the meantime maintain their preparations for future possibilities.

Should M. Poyet-Quetier retire from the ministry, M. Picard will succeed to his office.

WAS HE A MURDERER? Singular Soliloquy of a Young Englishman in Brooklyn.

New York, January 28.—Alfred East, an Englishman, twenty-five years old, who boarded at the same house as the late John W. Brown, was murdered last week, while he was in the city of New York.

East left a letter asserting his innocence of any connection with the Panama murder. It is said that the letter was found in the pocket of the murdered man.

It is God's will that I shall appear before him. I know that I am innocent, and I am sure that I am innocent. I am sure that I am innocent, and I am sure that I am innocent.

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## A JUDGE ON A JOURNALIST.

A Few Incidents from the History of a New York Journalist.

Judge Brand, of the supreme court, and Mr. W. F. G. Shanks, editor of the Tribune, are engaged in a pleasant little exchange of compliments.

The judge says that the editor of the Tribune is a very good fellow, and that he is a very good fellow. The editor says that the judge is a very good fellow, and that he is a very good fellow.

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